Denmark comments 2. September 2020



Brussels, XXX [...](2020) XXX draft

ANNEXES 1 to 6

AUTHORISED PRODUCTS AND SUBSTANCES FOR USE IN ORGANIC PRODUCTION

ANNEXES

to the

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION

concerning the authorisation of products and substances for use in organic production and repealing Regulation (EC) No 889/2008

EN EN

ANNEX III

AUTHORISED PRODUCTS AND SUBSTANCES FOR USE IN FEED PRODUCTION

Part A: Authorised non-organic feed material of plant, algal, animal or yeast origin or feed material of microbial or mineral origin referred to in Article 24(1)(c) of Regulation (EU) 2018/848

(1) FEED MATERIALS OF MINERAL ORIGIN

Nr. Feed catalogue ¹	Name	Specifications/restrictions
11.1.1	Calcium carbonate	
11.1.2	Calcareous marine shells	
11.1.4	Maerl	
11.1.5	Lithotamnium	
11.1.13	Calcium gluconate	
11.2.1	Magnesium oxide	
11.2.4	Magnesium sulphate anhydrous	
11.2.6	Magnesium chloride	
11.2.7	Magnesium carbonate	
11.3.1	Dicalcium phosphate	
11.3.3	Monocalcium phosphate	Only for aquaculture
11.3.5	Calcium-magnesium phosphate	
11.3.8	Magnesium phosphate	
11.3.10	Monosodium phosphate	
11.3.16	Calcium sodium phosphate	
11.3.17	Monoammonium phosphate (Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate)	Only for aquaculture
11.4.1	Sodium chloride	
11.4.2	Sodium bicarbonate	
11.4.4	Sodium carbonate	
11.4.6	Sodium sulphate	
11.5.1	Potassium chloride	

Kommenterede [MKA(1]: We do not support a new restriction for use only for feed for aquaculture animals.

EN 1 EN

Commission Regulation (EU) No 68/2013, OJ L29, 30.1.2013, p 1.

(2) OTHER FEED MATERIALS

Nr. Feed catalogue ²	Name	Specifications/restrictions
		Product obtained from wool grease (lanolin) by saponification, separations and crystallization, from shellfish or other sources.
	Cholesterol	To secure the quantitative dietary needs of penaeid shrimps and freshwater prawns (<i>Macrobrachium</i> spp.) in the grow-out stage and in earlier life stages in nurseries and hatcheries.
		When not available from organic production
		Provided that they are obtained from sustainable fisheries.
10	Fish, other aquatic animals and	Provided that they are produced or prepared without chemically synthesised solvents.
10	products derived thereof	Their use is authorised only to non-herbivores livestock.
		The use of fish protein hydrolysate is authorised only for young non-herbivores livestock.
	Phytoplankton and zooplankton	Only in the larval rearing of organic juveniles.
ex 12.1.5	Yeasts	Yeast obtained from Saccharomyces cerevisiae or Saccharomyces carlsbergensis, inactivated resulting in absence of live micro-organisms. When not available from organic production
ex 12.1.12	Yeast products	Fermentation product obtained from Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Saccharomyces carlsbergensis, inactivated resulting in absence of live micro-organisms containing yeast parts. When not available from organic production
[10	Fish meal, fish oil and feed material of fish origin	In accordance with points 3.1.3.1(e), 3.1.3.3(e) and (d) of part III of Annex II to Regulation (EU) 2018/848.

Kommenterede [MKA(2]: We welcome this. We find this in line with 2.3 of Part V of Annex II in 2018/848. The question of non-herbivores are however a general requirement.

Kommenterede [MKA(3]: It is not clear why we only accept 2 strains when the feed catalogue mention several strains as far as they are not GM-based?

In COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2017/1017 of 15 June 2017 amending Regulation (EU) No 68/2013 on the Catalogue of feed materials several yeast strains are listed. Perhaps we should also mention these here – if GM-free?

12.1.5 Yeasts [brewers' yeast] All yeasts obtained from Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Saccharomyces carlsbergensis, Kluyveromyces lactis, Kluyveromyces fragilis, Torulaspora delbrueckii, Cyberlindnera jadinii(3), Saccharomyces uvarum, Saccharomyces ludwigii or Brettanomyces ssp..

Kommenterede [MKA(4]: As above

Kommenterede [DB(5]: This is confusing because it looks like now it is always authorised, while the intention was only when specifically authorised. Moreover the erest is redundant because everything is already specified and giving restrictions. We intend to repeat it here but this only confuses (see also NO comments referring to EGTOP Feed II)

Kommenterede [MKA(6R5]: We agree with DE that due to clarity and transparency we should rather keep this.

EN EN 2

Commission Regulation (EU) No 68/2013, OJ L29, 30.1.2013, p 1.

10	Fishmeal and fish oil	In accordance with points 3.1.3.1(e), 3.1.3.4(e)(i) and (ii) of part III of Annex II to Regulation (EU) 2018/848.
	Molasses	In accordance with Article 24(3)(e)(iv) of Regulation (EU) 2018/848.
	Spices	In accordance with Article 24(3)(e)(iv) of Regulation (EU) 2018/848.
	Herbs	In accordance with Article 24(3)(e)(iv) of Regulation (EU) 2018/848.1

Kommenterede [DB(7]: See comment NO

Kommenterede [MKA(8]: We do not see why these 3 categories should not be kept in the annex – as we read article 24 access to molasses, spices or herbs, these products needs to be obtained on the annex to get access to use it?

Kommenterede [DB(9]: See comments NO

Kommenterede [DB(10]: See comments NO

EN 3 EN

Part B: Authorised feed additives and processing aids used in animal nutrition referred to in Article 24(1)(d) of Regulation (EU) 2018/848

Feed additives listed in this Annex must be authorised under Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

The specific conditions set out here are to be applied in addition to the conditions of the authorisations under Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.

(1) TECHNOLOGICAL ADDITIVES

(a) Preservatives

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
E 200	Sorbic acid	
E 236	Formic acid	
E 237	Sodium formate	
E 260	Acetic acid	
E 270	Lactic acid	
E 280	Propionic acid	
E 330	Citric acid	

(b) Antioxidants

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
1b306(i)	Tocopherol extracts from vegetable oils	
1b306(ii)	Tocopherol-rich extracts from vegetable oils (delta rich)	

(c) Emulsifiers, stabilisers, thickeners and gelling agents

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
---------------------------------	-----------	---------------------------------

EN 4 EN

1c322, 1c322i

Lecithins

Only when derived from organic raw material from organic production.

.

Use restricted to aquaculture animal feed

Kommenterede [MKA(11]: It seems to be wrongly translated into Danish which should then be corrected.

(d) Binders and anti-caking agents

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
E 412	Guar gum	
E 535	Sodium ferrocyanide	Maximum dose rate of 20 mg/kg NaCl calculated as ferrocyanide anion.
E 551b	Colloidal silica	
E 551c	Kieselgur (diatomaceous earth, purified)	
1m558i	Bentonite	
E 559	Kaolinitic clays, free of asbestos	
E 560	Natural mixtures of steatites and chlorite	
E 561	Vermiculite	
E 562	Sepiolite	
E 566	Natrolite-Phonolite	
1g568	Clinoptilolite of sedimentary origin	
E 599	Perlite	

(e) Silage additives

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
1k	Enzymes, micro-organisms	

EN 5

1k236	Formic acid	Only authorised fermentation.	to	ensure	adequate
1k237	Sodium formate				
1k280	Propionic acid				
1k281	Sodium propionate				

(2) SENSORY ADDITIVES

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
E 161y2 a	Carotenoids and xanthophylls Astaxanthin-rich Phaffia rhodozyma	Astaxanthin derived primarily from organic sources, such as organic crustacean shells, may be used in the feed ration for salmon and trout within the limit of their physiological needs. If no astaxanthin derived primarily from organic sources are available, astaxanthin from natural sources may be used, as Astaxanthin-rich Phaffia rhodozyma.
2b	Flavouring compounds	Only extracts from agricultural products, including Chestnut extract (Castanea sativa Mill.).

Kommenterede [MKA(12]: In this question we ask for status quo.

(3) NUTRITIONAL ADDITIVES

(a) Vitamins, pro-vitamins and chemically well-defined substances having similar effect

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
3a	Vitamins and provitamins	Derived from agricultural products. If derived synthetically, only those identical to vitamins derived from agricultural products may be used for monogastric animals and aquaculture animals.
		If derived synthetically, only vitamins A, D and E identical to vitamins derived from agricultural products may be used for ruminants; the use is subject to prior authorisation of the Member States based on the assessment of the possibility for organic

EN 6 EN

		ruminants to obtain the necessary quantities of the said vitamins through their feed rations
3a920	Betaine anhydrous	Only for monogastric animals. Only from natural origin and when available from organic origin production.

(b) Compounds of trace elements

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
3b101	Iron(II) carbonate (siderite)	
3b103	Iron(II) sulphate monohydrate	
3b104	Iron(II) sulphate heptahydrate	
3b201	Potassium iodide	
3b202	Calcium iodate, anhydrous	
3b203	Coated granulated calcium iodate anhydrous	
3b301	Cobalt(II) acetate tetrahydrate	
3b302	Cobalt(II) carbonate	
3b303	Cobalt(II) carbonate hydroxide (2:3) monohydrate	
3b304	Coated granulated cobalt(II) carbonate	
3b305	Cobalt(II) sulphate heptahydrate	
3b402	Copper(II) carbonate dihydroxy monohydrate	
3b404	Copper (II) oxide	
3b405	Copper(II) sulphate pentahydrate	
3b409	Dicopper chloride trihydroxide (TBCC)	
3b502	Manganese (II) oxide	
3b503	Manganous sulfate, monohydrate	
3b603	Zinc oxide	
3b604	Zinc sulphate heptahydrate	

Kommenterede [MKA(13]: We have a translation problem here – it would be better to rephrase the sentence. In the DK translation origin from organic production becomes an absolute requirement.

EN 7 EN

3b605	Zinc sulphate monohydrate	
3b609	Zinc chloride hydroxide monohydrate (TBZC)	
3b701	Sodium molybdate dihydrate	
3b801	Sodium selenite	
3b802	Coated granulated sodium selenite	
[3b803]	[Sodium selenate]	
3b810, 3b811, 3b8.12, 3b813 and 3b817	Selenised yeast inactivated a.o.	

(c) Amino acids, their salts and analogues

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
3c3.5.1	L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate	Produced through fermentation. May be used in the feed ration for salmonids when the feed sources listed in paragraph 3.1.3.3 of part II of Annex II, do not provide a sufficient amount of histidine to meet the dietary needs of the fish.

(4) ZOOTECHNICAL ADDITIVES

ID numbers or Functional groups	Substance	Description, conditions for use
4a, 4b, 4c and 4d	Enzymes and microorganism	

EN 8 EN

Formateret: Engelsk (Storbritannien)

EN 9 EN